Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

	Page
Independent auditor's report	1 - 3
Balance sheet	4
Statement of net assets (deficit)	5
Statement of revenues and expenditures	6
Statement of cash flows	7
Notes to financial statements	8 - 13
Schedule of fundraising revenues and expenditures	14
Schedule of expenditures	15



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the directors of The Ottawa Jewish Community School

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Ottawa Jewish Community School (the Organization), which comprise the balance sheet as at June 30, 2023, and the statements of net assets (deficit), revenues and expenditures and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at June 30, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged With Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

G67 Lur

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants Ottawa,

December 19, 2023.



BALANCE SHEET

AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

		2023	2022
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash	\$	593,583	\$ 597,313
Accounts receivable - tuition		56	4,211
Sundry receivables		933	8,703
Sales tax recoverable		16,315	9,181
Allocation receivable		500,000	100,000
Prepaid expenses	_	10,320	 1,932
		1,121,207	721,340
Investments - managed funds (note 4)		152,661	 140,338
Capital assets (note 5)	_	242,165	186,885
	\$	1,516,033	\$ 1,048,563
LIABILITIES			
Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	635,833	\$ 566,209
Deferred tuition fees		269,336	184,164
Deferred donations and gifts (note 7)		322,759	134,330
Short term portion of long term debt (note 9)		13,000	-
		1,240,928	 884,703
Gratuity payable (note 8)		175,107	193,871
Long term debt (note 9)	_	117,000	-
		1,533,035	1,078,574
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)			
Invested in capital assets		45,804	52,555
Investment fund		152,661	140,338
Operating fund		(215,467)	(222,904)
	_	(17,002)	(30,011)
	\$	1,516,033	\$ 1,048,563
Approved on behalf of the board:	_		

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)

	vested in Capital Assets	estment Fund	Operating Fund	Total 2023	Total 2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 52,555	\$ 140,338	\$ (222,904)	\$ (30,011)	\$ 266,379
Net result for the year	(8,427)	12,323	9,113	13,009	(296,390)
Transfer to fund net capital asset additions	 1,676	-	(1,676)	-	<u>-</u> _
Balance, end of year	\$ 45,804	\$ 152,661	\$ (215,467)	\$ (17,002)	\$ (30,011)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

	Budget (note 12)		2023	2022
Revenue				
Tuition fees	\$ 3,314,700	\$	3,525,234	\$ 3,292,205
Less: discounts and assistance	 (957,858)	•	(971,294)	 (930,151)
Net tuition revenue	2,356,842		2,553,940	2,362,054
Community allocation	1,029,526		1,291,036	877,005
Emergency funding	-		8,561	101,885
Fundraising, net (schedule 1)	805,364		564,479	656,541
Net investments and other	 9,000		19,962	(9,254)
	 4,200,732		4,437,978	3,988,231
Expenditures (schedule 2)				
Administration	920,013		879,946	914,912
Occupancy	503,330		524,966	472,774
Student services	147,855		136,308	111,024
Teaching	 2,671,064		2,883,749	2,785,911
	 4,242,262		4,424,969	4,284,621
Net result for the year	\$ (41,530)	\$	13,009	\$ (296,390)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2023	2022
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)		
Operating activities		
Net result for the year	\$ 13,009	\$ (296,390)
Amortization	78,477	53,949
Net (gain) loss of the investment fund	(12,323)	13,744
Changes in operating net assets		
Accounts receivable - tuition	4,155	129
Sundry receivables	7,770	(8,255)
Sales tax recoverable	(7,134)	788
Allocation receivable	(400,000)	(100,000)
Prepaid expenses	(8,388)	4,172
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	69,623	28,561
Deferred tuition fees	85,172	106,814
Deferred donations and gifts	188,429	17,603
Gratuity payable	 (18,764)	 11,123
	 26	(167,762)
Financing activities		
Long term debt	 130,000	
Investing activities		
Purchase of capital assets	 (133,756)	 (60,270)
Decrease in cash	(3,730)	(228,032)
Cash, beginning of year	 597,313	825,345
Cash, end of year	\$ 593,583	\$ 597,313

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

1. Purpose of the organization

The Ottawa Jewish Community School is a not-for-profit organization, incorporated under the Ontario Corporations Act as a corporation without share capital. The primary purpose of the organization is to operate a school for elementary school students. It is a registered charity exempt from income taxes under section 149(1)(f) of the *Income Tax Act*.

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents can include cash on hand, balances with financial institutions (net of temporary overdrafts) and short-term highly liquid investments.

Financial instruments

Measurement of financial instruments

The organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in managed funds, which are measured at fair value. The net investment activity is recognized in the net result for the year of the investment fund.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the writedown is recognized in the net result of the period.

Transaction costs

Transaction costs are recognized in the net result in the period incurred. However, financial instruments that will not be subsequently measured at fair value are adjusted by the transaction costs that are directly attributable to their origination, issuance, or assumption.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization has been provided at the following rates:

Computer hardware30% declining balanceComputer software5 years straight lineFurniture and fixtures20% declining balanceLeasehold improvements5 years straight line

Amortization is recorded at one-half of the above rates in the year of acquisition.

Revenue recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for revenue. Restricted revenue is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted revenue is recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Contributions relating to capital expenditures are deferred and amortized on the same basis as the related assets.

Tuition fees, discounts and assistance are recognized over the course of the school year.

Revenues from fundraising are recognized when received and/or when the fundraising events are held.

Contributed goods and services

Contributed goods are recorded at fair value in the year received when fair value can be reasonably estimated and would have otherwise been purchased in the normal course of operations.

Volunteers contribute many hours to assist the organization in carrying out its service delivery activities. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in the net results in the period in which they become known.

3. Financial instruments

Risks and concentrations

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the organization's risk exposure at June 30, 2023.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its gratuity payable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The organization's main credit risks relate to its accounts receivable and allocation receivable. In the normal course of operations the organization provides credit to those paying tuition.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk. The organization is exposed to these risks through its investment in managed funds, but does not consider them to be significant at June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

4. Investments - managed funds

An Investment Fund was established in prior years from monies donated. These funds are being managed by the Ottawa Jewish Community Foundation and pooled with other assets under their administration.

The funds that were donated were restricted by the donors with only the annual income generated from these funds to be used for the restricted purpose. Neither the donated funds nor the income generated from them are available for general operations.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets	Cost	2023 cumulated nortization	Net Book Value		
Computer hardware Computer software Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements	\$ 121,110 21,625 199,083 231,686	\$ 103,508 21,625 95,017 111,189	\$	17,602 - 104,066 120,497	
	\$ 573,504	\$ 331,339	\$	242,165	
	Cost	2022 cumulated nortization	ļ	Net Book Value	
Computer hardware Computer software Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements	\$ 119,433 21,625 190,604 108,086	\$ 96,325 21,625 70,061 64,852	\$	23,108 - 120,543 43,234	
	\$ 439,748	\$ 252,863	\$	186,885	

6. Line of credit

The organization has a \$200,000 credit facility available of which \$nil was drawn at June 30, 2023. The line of credit bears interest at prime plus 1.5% and is secured by assets owned by the organization and a guarantee from the Jewish Federation of Ottawa ("Federation").

During the year, the Federation extended a line of credit of up to \$175,000 to the organization of which no amounts were drawn during the fiscal year. The line of credit is non-interest bearing with no specified terms of repayment and requires consultation and approval of Federation leadership before any amounts can be drawn.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

7. Deferred donations and gifts

	2023	2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 134,330	\$ 116,727
Add: donations received during the year	258,479	58,325
Less: amount recognized as revenue in the year	 (70,050)	(40,722)
Balance, end of year	\$ 322,759	\$ 134,330

Deferred donations and gifts have been received towards the purchase of capital assets.

In 2023, the organization received \$258,479 of donations towards the purchase of furniture and fixtures and leasehold improvements. During the year, \$25,568 of was recognized related to these donations and \$232,911 remains deferred as of June 30, 2023.

Additionally, \$44,482 of revenue has been recognized during the year relating to deferred donations and gifts received in prior years.

8. Gratuity payable

Under the terms of the collective agreement with the Hillel Academy Teachers' Association, the organization has established a defined benefit retirement gratuity plan available to teachers with a period of service greater than ten years. A liability with respect to retirement gratuities payable in the future is accrued based on a percentage of the teachers' prior year salaries up to a maximum of \$18,250 per teacher.

9. Long-term debt

During the year, the organization acquired a loan from Ottawa Hebrew Free Loan Association. The loan is non-interest bearing and matures on September 30, 2027.

Annual principal repayment requirements are as follows:

2024	\$ 13,000
2025	13,000
2026	13,000
2027	13,000
2028	 78,000
	\$ 130,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

10. Commitments

The organization has operating lease commitments on certain office equipment ending April 2026. The total aggregate lease payments exclusive of other charges is \$20,342, as follows:

2024	\$ 7,397
2025	7,397
2026	 5,548
	\$ 20,342

11. Funding commitment

The organization received a pledge of \$1,000,000 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 to help fund the general operations of the school, which is being received in four annual installments of \$250,000. During the year, the organization received the fourth and final installment, which is recognized as fundraising revenue.

12. Budget

The budgeted figures are unaudited and presented for comparative purposes and are those as approved by the Board, reclassified to conform with these financial statements.

13. Comparative figures

Certain 2022 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted in 2023.

Schedule 1

THE OTTAWA JEWISH COMMUNITY SCHOOL

SCHEDULE OF FUNDRAISING REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

	2023	2022
Fundraising revenues	 	
Annual campaign		
Alumni campaign	\$ 12,699	\$ 16,141
Board campaign	56,610	26,640
Community campaign	58,151	142,742
Corporate and foundation gifts (note 11)	282,987	293,223
Fundraising events	85	5,512
Grandparents campaign	38,066	17,237
Parents campaign	13,489	72,975
Other	66,380	53,539
Bingo	49,972	34,073
Grants	11,212	19,750
Parent Teacher Association	 44,310	14,567
	 633,961	696,399
Fundraising expenditures		
Bingo	16,800	9,645
Parent Teacher Association	42,178	14,793
Other	 10,504	15,420
	 69,482	39,858
	\$ 564,479	\$ 656,541

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

	 2023	2022
Administration		
Administration salaries and services	\$ 774,920	\$ 747,735
Advertising and public relations	8,484	1,735
Bank charges and interest	25,038	27,976
Insurance	4,866	4,866
Legal and audit	24,008	54,219
Office expenses	35,495	69,117
Telephone	 7,135	9,264
	 879,946	914,912
Occupancy		
Amortization	78,477	53,949
Furniture, repairs and security	8,753	2,625
Occupancy charges	 437,736	416,200
	 524,966	472,774
Student services		
Books	17,913	7,479
Course supplies	57,709	63,471
Enrichment and remedial programs	21,416	16,807
Special events and programs	 39,270	23,267
	 136,308	111,024
Teaching		
Professional development	53,594	40,107
Payroll expenses, benefits, and insurance	485,859	487,919
Salaries	 2,344,296	2,257,885
	 2,883,749	2,785,911
	\$ 4,424,969	\$ 4,284,621